## **CAMBRIDGE CITY COUNCIL**



**GAMBLING ACT 2005** 

**Statement of Principles** 

March 2025 - March 2028

Published: 25<sup>th</sup> February 2025 Effective from: 25<sup>th</sup> March 2025

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#### Introduction

Under the Gambling Act 2005 ("the 2005 Act" a regime for regulating gambling and betting was introduced throughout the United Kingdom from 1 September 2007. Apart from the National Lottery and spread betting, gambling and betting is regulated by the Gambling Commission whose duties include licensing the operators and individuals involved in the provision of gambling and betting.

Cambridge City Council Licensing Authority recognises the potential impact of gambling and in adopting this policy; the Licensing Authority will seek to work with communities and partners. It will address the concerns of the public to maintain safe and high quality environments making Cambridge an even better place to live, work and visit. It wishes to work together with premises licence operators/ holders to assist the thriving and growing local economy whilst seeking to protect vulnerable persons from harm.

Cambridge City Council ("the Council"), along with other licensing authorities, has a duty under the 2005 Act to licence premises where gambling is taking place. The Council is also required to licence certain other activities (such as registering small society lotteries). This document sets out how Cambridge City Council intends to carry out these duties.

Licensing authorities are required by Section 349 of the 2005 Act to publish a statement of principles that they propose to apply when exercising their functions in accordance with the legislation. This statement must be published every 3 years. If any part of the document is amended, further consultation and re-publication is required.

The 2005 Act requires that the following parties are consulted by licensing authorities:

- The Chief Officer of Police
- One or more persons who appear to the authority to represent the interests of persons carrying on gambling businesses in the authority's area; and
- One or more persons who appear to the authority to represent the interests of persons who are likely to be affected by the exercise of the authority's functions under the Gambling Act 2005.

A full list of those persons/ organisations consulted is detailed at Appendix B.

The latest draft of this statement of principles contains the minimum of amendments and no changes to the intent or direction of the policy. In producing the final statement, the Council declares that it has regard to the Licensing objectives of the Gambling Act 2005, the guidance issued by the

# Gambling Commission and any response from those consulted on this statement.

This statement of principles was approved at a meeting of the Full Council on (date to be inserted). It was then published via Cambridge City Council's website on (date to be inserted).

It should be noted that this policy statement does not override any right of any person to make an application, make representation about an application or apply for review of a licence, as each will be considered on its own merits and according to the statutory requirements of the Gambling Act 2005.

The full list of comments made and the consideration by the Council of these comments is available by request to the Commercial & Licensing Team, Environmental Services.

Should you have any comments in regard to this statement of principles, please send them to:

Licensing and Environmental Health

Support Team Leader

**Environmental and Public Health** 

Cambridge City Council

PO Box 700

Cambridge, CB1 0JH

Email:

commercial@cambridge.gov.uk

#### PART A

## 1. The Licensing Objectives

In exercising most of its functions under the Gambling Act 2005, the Council as the Licensing Authority must have regard to the Licensing Objectives as set out in Section 1 of the 2005 Act. The objectives are:

Preventing gambling from being a source of crime or disorder, being associated with crime or disorder or being used to support crime.

The Gambling Commission will be taking a lead role in preventing gambling from being a source of crime. Cambridge City Council is aware that it falls to the Gambling Commission to ensure the suitability of an operator before issuing an operator licence.

However, this Licensing Authority will bring to the attention of the Gambling Commission any information that is brought to its attention during the course of processing a premises licence application or at any other time, which could question the appropriateness of an applicant.

Where an area has known high levels of crime, this Licensing Authority will consider carefully whether gambling premises are suitable to be located there. If there are concerns over a premises location, in order to prevent that premises from becoming a source of crime, certain conditions could be considered by the Council to be attached to the licence.

#### Ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way.

The Gambling Commission is concerned to ensure that not only is gambling fair in the way it is played, but also that the rules are transparent to players and they know what to expect. It achieves this by working to ensure that: -

- Operating and personal licences are issued only to those who are suitable to offer gambling facilities or work in the industry;
- Easily understandable information is made available by operators to players about, for example, the rules of the game, the probability of losing or winning, and the terms and conditions on which business is conducted;
- The rules are fair;
- Advertising is not misleading;
- The results of events and competitions on which commercial gambling takes place are made public;

 Machines, equipment and software used to produce the outcome of games meet standards set by the Gambling Commission and operate as advertised.

The Gambling Commission would not expect licensing authorities to become concerned with ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way. This is because they will either be concerned with the management of the gambling business (and therefore subject to the operating licence), or the suitability and actions of an individual (and therefore subject to a personal licence). These permissions both fall within the remit of the Gambling Commission.

# Protecting children and other vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling.

The Gambling Act 2005 is intended to ensure that children and vulnerable persons should not be allowed to gamble and should be prohibited from entering those gambling premises which are adult-only environments.

This licensing objective refers to protecting children from being 'harmed or exploited by gambling'; meaning that they should be prevented from taking part in gambling and for there to be restrictions on advertising so that gambling products are not aimed at children or advertised in such a way that makes them particularly attractive to children, with the exception of Category D gaming machines.

It does not however seek to disallow particular groups of adults from gambling in the same way that it does children. The Gambling Commission has not sought to define 'vulnerable persons', but it does for regulatory purposes assume that this group includes people who gamble more than they want to; people who gamble beyond their means; and people who may not be able to make informed or balanced decisions about gambling due to mental health needs, learning disability or substance misuse relating to alcohol or drugs.

This Licensing Authority will consider this licensing objective on a case by case basis. In order to protect vulnerable persons, this Licensing Authority will consider whether any special considerations apply to a particular premises. These considerations could include self-barring schemes or providing information in the form of leaflets or helpline information from relevant organisations.

From 6 April 2016 premises licence holders must conduct a local risk assessment for each of their current premises. This applies to:-

- Adult Gaming Centres
- Family Entertainment Centres
- Non-Remote Betting

- Non-Remote Bingo
- Non-Remote Casinos
- Remote Betting Intermediary (trading room only)

There is also a requirement to conduct or update a risk assessment when:

- Applying for a new gambling premises licence
- Applying for a variation to a gambling premises licence
- Changes in the local environment, or the premises, warrant a risk assessment to be conducted again.

This licensing authority is aware that, as per section 153, in making decisions about premises licences and temporary use notices it should "aim to permit" the use of premises for gambling in so far as it is satisfied the application is "in accordance with any code of practice issued by the Gambling Commission; in accordance with any relevant guidance issued by the Gambling Commission; reasonably consistent with the licensing objectives and in accordance with the authority's statement of licensing principles".

As a means of assisting Licensing Authorities in determining whether the provision of gambling facilities at premises will be, and will remain, consistent with the licensing objectives, the Gambling Commission that premises licence holders should have policies and procedures in place to mitigate the local risks to the licensing objectives arising from the provision of gambling at their premises.

Following the Gambling Commission's review of the social responsibility elements of the Licence Conditions and Codes of Practice (LCCP), the Commission have introduced a social responsibility code (SR code 10.1.1) which requires all premises licensees to assess the local risks to the licensing objectives posed by the provision of gambling facilities at each of their premises, and have policies, procedures and control measures to mitigate these risks. In undertaking their risk assessments, they must take into account relevant matters identified in the licensing authority's statement of policy.

The new SR provision is supplemented by an ordinary code provision that requires licensees to share their risk assessment with licensing authorities when applying for a premises licence or applying for a variation to existing licensed premises, or otherwise at the request of the licensing authority, such as when they are inspecting a premises.

Cambridge City Council has a Local Area Profile that licensees should consider when undertaking their local area risk assessments. The Local Area Profile can be found at the following link:

https://www.cambridge.gov.uk/gambling-licensing-overview

The Council notes the Gambling Commission's Guidance (5.34) to local authorities that "Licensing authorities should be aware that other considerations such as moral or ethical objections to gambling are not a valid reason to reject applications for premises licences. In deciding to reject an application, a licensing authority should rely on reasons that demonstrate that the licensing objectives are not being, or are unlikely to be, met, and such objections do not relate to the licensing objectives. An authority's decision cannot be based on dislike of gambling, or a general notion that it is undesirable to allow gambling premises in an area (with the exception of the casino resolution powers)".

#### 2. Cambridge City

Cambridge City Council is situated in Cambridgeshire, which contains a total of 5 District Councils. Cambridge combines a rich history with the vibrancy and prosperity of outstanding educational institutions and modern businesses. It is at the heart of a buoyant sub-region which is an area designed for major growth in employment and housing.

The City of Cambridge is in the east of England, 50 miles north of London. A beautiful place to live and work, Cambridge is an historic University City and market town with high quality architecture and attractive open spaces. It is also a city of national importance, being a world leader in higher education and many 21st century industries – information technology, telecommunications and commercial research, particularly the biotechnology sector.

A significant characteristic of the City's population is its large and diverse student population. This is swollen further by language students attending "summer schools", which adds to a high "churn" in our population. The proportion of older people in the City has not grown in the past 10 years.

The daytime population of the City increases significantly, with high levels of commuting into the City and very large numbers of tourists and visitors. The high day time population places pressure on the City's infrastructure and heavy demands on basic Council services such as street cleaning.

This area is shown in the map at Appendix A.

#### 3. Authorised Activities

'Gambling' is defined in the 2005 Act as either gaming, betting or taking part in a lottery.

Gaming - means playing a game of chance for a prize

**Betting** – means making or accepting a bet on the outcome of a race, competition or any other event, the likelihood of anything occurring or not occurring, or whether anything is true or not true.

**Lottery** – is where persons are required to pay in order to take part in an arrangement, during the course of which one or more prizes are allocated by a process, which relies wholly on chance.

**Private Gaming** – in private dwellings and on domestic occasions is exempt from licensing or registration providing that no charge is made for participating; only equal chance gaming takes place; and it does not occur in a place to which the public have access.

**Domestic Betting** – between inhabitants of the same premises or between employees of the same employer is also exempt.

**Non-commercial gaming and betting** – where no part of the proceeds are for private gain may be subject to certain exemptions.

## 4. Licences under the Gambling Act 2005

The 2005 Act provides for 3 categories of licence as detailed below:

- Operating Licences
- Personal Licence
- Premises Licences

The Council is responsible for the issue of Premises Licences. The Gambling Commission is responsible for the issue of Operating and Personal Licences.

#### 5. The Gambling Commission

The Gambling Commission regulates gambling in the public interest. It does so by keeping crime out of gambling, by ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way ad by protecting children and vulnerable people. The Commission provides independent advice to the Government about the manner in which gambling is carried out, the effects of gambling and the regulation of gambling generally.

The Commission has issued guidance in accordance with Section 25 of the 2005 Act about the manner in which Licensing Authorities exercise their functions under the Act and, in particular, the principles to be applied.

The Commission will also issue Codes of Practice under Section 24 about the way in which facilities for gambling is provided, which may also include provisions about the advertising of gambling facilities.

The Gambling Commission can be contacted at:

**Gambling Commission** 

Victoria Square House

Victoria Square

Birmingham

**B2 4BP** 

Website www.gamblingcommission.gov.uk

Email info@gamblingcommission.gov.uk

#### 6. Responsible Authorities

The licensing authority is required by regulations to state the principles it will apply in exercising its powers under Section 157(h) of the Act to designate, in writing, a body which is competent to advise the authority about the protection of children from harm.

The principles are:

- The need for the body to be responsible for an area covering the whole of the licensing authority's area; and
- The need for the body to be answerable to democratically elected persons, rather than any particular vested interest group.

In accordance with the suggestion in the Gambling Commission's Guidance for local authorities, this licensing authority designates the Local safeguarding Children's Board for this purpose.

The contact details of all the Responsible Authorities under the Gambling Act 2005 are set out in Appendix C.

#### 7. Interested Parties

Interested parties can make representations about licence applications, or apply for a review of an existing licence. These parties are defined in the Gambling Act 2005 as follows:

"For the purposes of this Part a person is an interested party in relation to an application for or in respect of a premises licence if, in the opinion of the licensing authority which issues the licence or to which the application is made, the person –

- a) Lives sufficiently close to the premises to be likely affected by the authorized activities, and/ or
- b) Has business interests that might be affected by the authorized activities, or
- c) Represents persons who satisfy paragraph a) or b)".

The licensing authority is required by regulations to state the principles it will apply in exercising its powers under the Gambling Act 2005 to determine whether person is an interested party. The principles are:

- Each case will be decided upon its merits. The authority will not apply a rigid rule to its decision making.
- It will have regard to the examples of considerations provided in the Gambling Commissions Guidance to licensing authorities at 8.9 to 8.17

 It will also consider the Gambling Commission's Guidance that "business interests" should be given the widest possible interpretation and where appropriate include organisations such as, but not limited to, partnerships, charities, faith groups and medical practices.

Interested parties can be people who are democratically elected such as Councillors and MP's. Where appropriate, this will include county, parish and town Councillors. Other than these persons, authorities should require written evidence that a person 'represents' someone who either lives sufficiently close to the premises likely to be affected by the authorized activities and/ or business interests that might be affected by the authorized activities. A letter from one of these persons requesting the representation is sufficient.

Further advice on how licensing authorities can determine whether someone is an interested party is detailed below:

- The approach taken by licensing authorities in determining who is an interested party is also a function that is dealt with in the Licensing Statement of Policy.
- ii) The factors that should be taken into account when determining what 'sufficiently close to the premises' means (in each case) might include:
  - The size of the premises
  - The nature of the premises
  - The distance of the premises from the location of the person making the representation
  - The potential impact of the premises such as the number of customers, routes likely to be taken by those visiting the establishment; and
  - The circumstances of the person who lives close to the premises. This is not their personal characteristics, but their interests which may be relevant to the distance from the premises.

## 8. Exchange of Information

Licensing authorities are required to include in their statements, the principles to be applied by the authority in exercising the functions under sections 29 and 30 of the Act with respect to the exchange of information between it and the Gambling Commission. It is also required to include the principles it will apply in exercising its functions under section 350 of the Act with respect to the exchange of information between it and the other persons listed in Schedule 6 to the Act.

The principle that the Council applies is that it will act in accordance with the provisions of the Gambling Act 2005 in its exchange of information which includes the provision that the Data Protection Act 2018 will not be contravened. The Council will also have regard to any guidance issued by the Gambling Commission on this

matter, as well as any relevant regulations issued by the Secretary of State under the powers provided in the Gambling Act 2005.

Details of applications and representations which are referred to a Licensing Sub-Committee for determination will be detailed in the reports that are made publicly available in accordance with the Local Government Act 1972 and the Freedom of Information Act 2000. Personal details of people making representations will be disclosed to applicants and only be withheld from publication on the grounds of personal safety where the Licensing Authority is asked to do so.

Should any protocols be established as regards information exchange with other bodies then they will be made available. The Council has various policies relating to the sharing of information which will be considered when deciding what information to share and the process of doing so.

#### 9. Enforcement

Licensing authorities are required by regulation under the Gambling Act 2005 to state the principles to be applied by the authority in exercising the functions under Part 15 of the Act with respect to the inspection of premises; and under the powers of Section 346 of the Act to instigate criminal proceedings in respect of offences specified.

This Licensing Authority's principles are that it will be guided by the Gambling Commission's Guidance to licensing authorities and will endeavor to be:

- Proportionate regulators should only intervene when necessary.
   Remedies should be appropriate to the risk posed and costs identified and minimized;
- Accountable regulators must be able to justify decisions and be subject to public scrutiny;
- Consistent rules and standards must be coherent and implemented fairly;
- Transparent regulators should be open and keep regulations simple and user friendly; and
- Targeted regulation should be focused on the problem and minimize side effects.

In accordance with the Gambling Commission's Guidance, the Council will endeavor to avoid duplication with other regulatory regimes so far as possible.

Cambridge City Council has adopted and implemented a risk-based inspection programme based on:

- The Licensing Objectives
- Relevant Codes of Practice
- Guidance issued by the Gambling Commission (in particular Part 36)

The principles set out in this Statement of Licensing Policy

The main enforcement and compliance role for the Council in terms of the Gambling Act 2005 is to ensure compliance with the premises licences and other permissions which it authorises. The Gambling Commission is the enforcement body for the operating and personal licences. It is also worth noting that concerns about manufacture, supply or repair of gaming machines will not be dealt with by the licensing authority but will be notified to the Gambling Commission.

The Council shall have regard to the principles of "Better Regulation" as outlined by the Department for Business Innovation and Skills.

Bearing in mind the principle of transparency, the Council's enforcement/ compliance protocols and written agreements are available upon request.

The Corporate Enforcement Policy can be found online here:

https://www.cambridge.gov.uk/enforcement-policy

#### 10. Licensing Authority Functions

Licensing Authorities are required under the Act to:

- Be responsible for the licensing of premises where gambling activities are to take place by issuing Premises Licences
- Issue Provisional Statements
- Regulate members' clubs and miners' welfare institutes who wish to undertake certain gaming activities via issuing Club Gaming Permits and/ or Club Machine Permits
- Issue Club Machine Permits to Commercial Clubs
- Grant permits for the use of certain lower stake gaming machines at unlicensed Family Entertainment Centres
- Receive notifications from alcohol licensed premises (under the Licensing Act 2003) for the use of two or fewer gaming machines
- Issue Licensed Premises Gaming Machine Permits for premises licensed to sell/ supply alcohol for consumption on the licensed premises, under the Licensing Act 2003, where there are more than two machines
- Register small society lotteries below prescribed thresholds
- Issue Prize Gaming Permits
- Receive and endorse Temporary Use Notices
- Receive Occasional Use Notices
- Provide information to the Gambling Commission regarding details of licences issued
- Maintain registers of the permits and licences that are issued under these functions

It should be noted that local licensing authorities will not be involved in licensing remote gambling at all, which is regulated by the Gambling Commission via operating licenses.

#### 11. Public Register

Section 156 of the Act requires licensing authorities to maintain a register of the premises licences that it has issued. The register must be made available, at any reasonable time, to the public who may request copies of the entries. The Council achieves this requirement through the use of an online register which is accessible via the Council's website.

#### PART B PREMISES LICENCES

#### 1. General Principles

Premises licences are subject to the requirements set out in the Gambling Act 2005 and regulations, as well as specific mandatory and default conditions which are detailed in regulations issued by the Secretary of State. Licensing authorities are able to exclude default conditions and also attach others where it is believed to be necessary.

The Council is aware that in making decisions about premises licences it should aim to permit the use of premises for gambling in so far as it thinks it is:

- In accordance with any relevant code of practice issued by the Gambling Commission;
- In accordance with any relevant guidance issued by the Gambling Commission:
- Reasonably consistent with the licensing objectives; and
- In accordance with the authority's statement of licensing principles

It is appreciated that as per the Gambling Commission's Guidance to Licensing Authorities "moral objections to are not a valid reason to reject applications for premises licences" (except as regards to any 'no casino resolution') and also unmet demand is not a criterion for a licensing authority.

Premises are defined in the Act as including "any place". Section 152 therefore prevents more than one premises licence applying to any place. However, a single building could be subject to more than one premises licence, provided they are for different parts of the building and the different parts of the building can be reasonably regarded as being different premises.

This approach has been taken to allow large, multiple unit premises such as pleasure parks, piers, tracks or shopping malls to obtain discrete premises licences where appropriate safeguards are in place. However, licensing authorities should pay particular attention if there are issues about sub-divisions of a single building or

plot and should ensure that mandatory conditions relating to access between premises are observed.

The Gambling Commission states in its Guidance to Licensing Authorities that "In most cases the expectation is that a single building/ plot will be the subject of an application for a licence, for example 32 High Street. But, that does not mean 32 High Street cannot be the subject of separate premises licences for the basement and ground floor, if they are configured acceptably.

Whether different parts of a building can properly be regarded as being separate premises will depend on the circumstances. The location of the premises will clearly be an important consideration and the suitability of the division is likely to be a matter for discussion between the operator and the licensing officer.

The Commission does not consider that areas of a building that are artificially or temporarily separated, for example by ropes or moveable partitions, can properly be regarded as different premises. If a premises is located within a wider venue, a licensing authority should request a plan of the venue on which the premises should be identified as a separate unit".

The Commission recognises that different configurations may be appropriate under different circumstances but the crux of the matter is whether the proposed premises are genuinely separate premises that merit their own licence – with the machine entitlements that brings – and are not an artificially created part of what is readily identifiable as a single premises.

The Council takes particular note of the Gambling Commission's Guidance to Licensing Authorities which states that "Licensing Authorities should take particular care in considering applications for multiple licences for a building and those relating to a discrete part of a building used for other (non-gambling) purposes. In particular they should be aware of the following:

- The third licensing objective seeks to protect children from being harmed or exploited by gambling. In practice that means not only preventing them from taking part in gambling but also preventing them from being in close proximity to gambling. Therefore premises should be configured so that children are not invited to participate in, have accidental access to or closely observe gambling where they are prohibited from participating.
- Entrances to and exits from parts of a building covered by one or more premises licences should be separate and identifiable so that the separation of different premises is not compromised and people do no 'drift' into a gambling area. In this context it should normally be possible to access the premises without going through another licensed premises or premises with a permit.
- Customers should be able to participate in the activity named on the premises licence"

The Guidance also gives a list of factors which the licensing authority should be aware of, which may include:

- Do the premises have a separate registration for business rates?
- Is the premises neighbouring premises owned by the same person or someone else?
- Can each of the premises be accessed from the street or a public passageway?
- Can the premises only be accessed from any other gambling premises?

The Council will consider these and other relevant factors in making its decision, depending on all the circumstances of the case.

#### 2. Access Provisions

The Gambling Commissions relevant access provisions for each premises type are below:

#### Casinos

- The principal access entrance to the premises must be from a street (as defined at 7.21 of the guidance)
- No entrance to a casino must be from premises that are used wholly or mainly by children and/ or young persons
- No customer must be able to enter a casino directly from any other premises which hold a gambling premises licence

## **Adult Gaming Centre**

 No customer must be able to access the premises directly from any other licensing gambling premises

#### **Betting Shops**

- Access must be from a street (as per paragraph 7.21 of the guidance) or from another premises with a betting premises licence
- No direct access from a betting shop to another premises used for the retail sale of merchandise or services. In effect there cannot be an entrance to a betting shop from a shop of any kind unless that shop is itself a licensed premises.

#### Tracks

- No customer should be able to access the premises from:
  - i) a casino
  - ii) an adult gaming centre

## Bingo Premises

- No customer must be able to access the premises directly from:
  - i) a casino
  - ii) an adult gaming centre
  - iii) a betting premises, other than a track

#### Family Entertainment Centre

- No customer must be able to access the premises directly from:
  - i) a casino
  - ii) an adult gaming centre
  - iii) a betting premises, other than a track

Part 7 of the Gambling Commission's Guidance to Licensing Authorities contains further information on this issue, which the Council will also take into account in its decision making.

A license to use premises for gambling may be issued in relation to premises that are not going to be ready to be used for gambling in the reasonably near future.

If the construction of the premises is not yet complete, or if they need alteration, or if the applicant does not yet have a right to occupy them, or does not hold (or applied for) the relevant operating licence then an application for a provisional statement may be made instead.

In deciding whether a premises licence can be granted where there is outstanding construction or alteration works at the premises, the Council will determine such applications on their merits, applying a two stage consideration process:

- 1. First, whether the premises ought to be permitted to be used for gambling
- Second, whether the appropriate conditions can be put in place to cater for the situation that the premises are not yet in the state in which they ought to be before gambling takes place

Applicants should note that the Council is entitled to decide that it is appropriate to grant a licence subject to conditions, but it not obliged to grant such a licence.

More information concerning the consideration of applications can be found at paragraphs 7.58-7.65 of the Guidance.

#### 3. Location

The Council is aware that demand issues cannot be considered with regard to the location of the premises but that considerations in terms of the licensing objectives are relevant to its decision making. As per the guidance, the Council will pay particular attention to the protection of children and vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling, as well as issues of crime and disorder.

Should any specific policy be decided upon as regards areas where gambling premises should not be located, this statement will be updated. It should be noted that any such policy does not preclude any application being made and each application will be decided on its own merits, with the onus upon the applicant showing how potential concerns can be overcome.

#### 4. Planning

The Gambling Commission Guidance to Licensing Authorities states "In determining applications, the licensing authority should not take into consideration matters that are not related to gambling and the licensing objectives. One example would be the likelihood of the applicant obtaining planning permission or building regulations approval for their proposal. Licensing authorities should bear in mind that a premises licence, once it comes into effect, authorises premises to be used for gambling".

## 5. Duplication with other Regulatory regimes

The Council will seek to avoid any duplication with other statutory/ regulatory systems where possible, including planning. This authority will not consider whether a licence application is likely to be awarded planning permission or building regulations approval in its consideration of it. It will though, listen to and consider carefully any concerns about conditions, which are not able to be met by licensees due to planning restrictions, should such a situation arise.

When dealing with a premises licence application for finished building, the Council will not take into account whether those buildings have to comply with the necessary planning or buildings consents. Fire or health and safety risks will not be taken into account, as these matters are dealt with under relevant planning control, buildings and other regulations and must not form part of the consideration for the premises licence.

## 6. Licensing Objectives

Premises licences granted must be reasonably consistent with the licensing objectives. With regard to these objectives, the Council has considered the Gambling Commission's Guidance to Licensing Authorities:

Preventing gambling from being a source of crime or disorder, being

## associated with crime or disorder or being used to support crime.

The Gambling Commission takes a leading role in preventing gambling from being a source of crime. The Gambling Commission's guidance does however envisage that licensing authorities should pay attention to the proposed location of gambling premises in terms of this licensing objective. Thus, where an area has known high levels of organised crime the Council will consider carefully whether gambling premises are suitable to be located there and whether conditions may be suitable such as the provision of door supervisors. The Council is aware of the distinction between disorder and nuisance and will consider factors such as whether police assistance was required and how threatening the behavior was to those who could see it, so as to make that distinction.

#### Ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way

The Gambling Commission has stated that it generally does not expect licensing authorities to become concerned with ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way, as this will be addressed via operating and personal licences. There is however, more of a role with regard to tracks.

## Protecting children and other vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling

The Gambling Commission's Guidance to Licensing Authorities states that this objective means preventing children from taking part in gambling (as well as restriction of advertising so that gambling products are not aimed at, or are, particularly attractive to children). The Council will therefore consider, as suggested in the guidance, whether specific measures are required at particular premises with regard to this licensing objective. Appropriate measures may include supervision of entrances/ machines, segregation of areas etc.

The Council is also aware of the Gambling Commission Codes of Practice, which the Gambling Commission issues as regards this licensing objective, in relation to specific premises.

With regard to the term 'vulnerable persons' it is noted that the Gambling Commission does not seek to offer a definition but states that "for regulatory purposes assume that this group includes people who gamble more than they want to; people who gamble beyond their means; and people who may not be able to make informed or balanced decisions about gambling due to, for example, mental health, a learning disability or substance misuse relating to alcohol or drugs". The Council will consider this licensing objective on a case by case basis.

#### 7. Licence Conditions

Any conditions attached to licences will be proportionate and will be:

- Relevant to the need to make the proposed building suitable as a gambling facility;
- Directly related to the premises (including the locality and any identified local risks) and the type of licence applied for;
- Fairly and reasonable related to the scale and type of premises; and
- Reasonable in all other aspects

Decisions upon individual conditions will be made on a case by case basis, although there will be a number of measures this licensing authority will consider utilising should there be a perceived need, such as the use of supervisors, appropriate signage for adult only areas etc. The Council will also expect the licence applicant to offer his/ her own suggestions as to the way in which the licensing objectives can be met effectively.

The Council will also consider specific measures which may be required for buildings which are subject to multiple premises licences. Such measures may include the supervision of entrances; segregation of gambling from non-gambling areas frequented by children; and the supervision of gaming machines in non-adult gambling specific premises in order to pursue the licensing objectives. These matters are in accordance with the Gambling Commission's Guidance.

The Council will also ensure that where category C or above machines are on offer in premises to which children are admitted:

- All such machines are located in an area of the premises which is separated from the remainder of the premises by a physical barrier which is effective to prevent access other than through a designated entrance;
- Only adults are admitted to the area where these machines are located;
- Access to the area where the machines are located is supervised;
- The area where these machines are located is arranged so that it can be observed by the staff or the licence holder; and
- At the entrance to and inside any such areas there are prominently displayed notices indicating that access to the area is prohibited to persons under 18

These considerations will apply to premises including buildings where multiple premises licences are applicable.

The Council is aware that tracks may be subject to one or more than one premises licence, provided each licence relates to a specified area of the track. As per the Gambling Commission's Guidance, the Council will consider the impact upon the third licensing objective and the need to ensure that entrances to each type of premises are distinct and that children are excluded from gambling areas where they are not permitted to enter.

It is noted that there are conditions that the licensing authority cannot attach to premises licences, which are:

- Any condition on the premises licence which makes it impossible to comply with an operating licence condition;
- Conditions relating to gaming machine categories, numbers or method of operation;
- Conditions which provide that membership of a club or body be required.
   The Gambling Act 2005 specifically removes the membership requirement for casino and bingo clubs and this provision prevents it being reinstated; and
- Conditions in relation to stakes, fees, winning or prizes.

## 8. Door Supervisors

The Gambling Commission advises in its guidance that if a licensing authority is concerned that a premises may attract disorder or be subject to attempts at unauthorised access (for example by children and young persons) then it may require that the entrances to the premises are controlled by a door supervisor, and is entitled to impose a condition on the premises licence to this effect.

Where it is decided that supervision of entrances/ machines is appropriate for particular cases, a consideration of whether these need to be SIA licenced or not will be necessary. It will not be automatically assumed that they need to be licensed, as the statutory requirements for different types of premises vary.

## 9. Adult Gaming Centres

The Council will specifically have regard to the need to protect children and vulnerable persons from harm or being exploited by gambling and will expect the applicant to satisfy the authority that there will be sufficient measures to, for example, ensure that under 18 year olds do not have access to the premises.

The Council may consider measures to meet the licensing objectives such as:

- Proof of age schemes
- CCTV
- Supervision of entrances/ machine areas
- Physical separation of areas
- Location of entry
- Notices/ signage
- Specific opening hours
- Self-exclusion schemes
- Provision of information leaflets/ helpline numbers for organisations such as GamCare

This list is not mandatory, nor exhaustive, and is merely indicative of example measures.

#### 10. Licensed Family Entertainment Centres

The Council will specifically have regard to the need to protect children and vulnerable persons from harm or being exploited by gambling and will expect the applicant to satisfy the authority, for example, that there will be sufficient measures to ensure that under 18 year olds do not have access to the adult only gaming machine areas.

The Council may consider measures to meet the licensing objectives such as:

- Proof of age schemes
- CCTV
- Supervision of entrances/ machine areas
- Physical separation of areas
- Location of entry
- Notices/ signage
- Specific opening hours
- Self-exclusion schemes
- Provision of information leaflets/ helpline numbers for organisations such as GamCare
- Measures/ training for staff on how to deal with suspected truant school children on the premises

This list is not mandatory, nor exhaustive, and is merely indicative of example measures.

The Council will, as per the Gambling Commission's Guidance, refer to the Commission's website to see any conditions that apply to operating licences covering the way in which the area containing category C machines should be delineated. The Council will also make itself aware of any mandatory or default conditions on these premises licences, when they have been published.

#### 11. Casinos

The Council has not passed a 'no casino' resolution under Section 166 of the Gambling Act 2005, but is aware that it has the power to do so. Should the Council decide in the future to pass such a resolution, it will update this statement of principles with details of that resolution. Any such decision will be made by the Full Council.

## 12. Bingo Premises

The Council notes that the Gambling Commission's Guidance states in 18.5 "Licensing authorities will need to satisfy themselves that bingo can be played in any bingo premises for which they issue a premises licence. An operator may choose to vary their licence to exclude a previously licensed area of that premises, and then apply for a new premises licence, or multiple new premises licences, with the aim of creating separate premises in that area. Essentially providing multiple licensed premises within a single building or site. Before issuing additional bingo premises licences, licensing authorities need to consider whether bingo can be played at each of those new premises".

The Council also notes the Guidance at paragraph 18.8 where the holder of a bingo premises licence may make available for use a number of category B gaming machines not exceeding 20% of the total number of gaming machines which are available for use on the premises.

Premises in existence before 13 July 2011 are entitled to make available eight category B gaming machines, or 20% of the total number of gaming machines, whichever is the greater.

Regulations state that category B machines at bingo premises should be restricted to sub-category B3 (but not B3A) and B4 machines.

"Children and young people are allowed into bingo premises; however they are not permitted to participate in the bingo and if category B or C machines are made available for use these must be separate from areas where children and young people are allowed. Social Responsibility (SR) code 3.2.5(3) states that 'licensees must ensure that their policies and procedures take account of the structure and layout of their gambling premises' in order to prevent underage gambling".

## 13. Betting Premises

The Council will, as per the Gambling Commission's Guidance, take into account the size of the premises, the number of counter positions available for person-to-person transactions, the ability of staff to monitor who enters the premises (it is an offence for those under 18 to be permitted to enter a premises with a betting premises licence) and the ability of staff to monitor the use of machines when considering the number/ nature/ circumstances of betting machines an operator wants to offer.

#### 14. Credit/ ATM's

Section 177 of the 2005 Act requires, in relation to casino and bingo premises licences, that a condition be placed on the licence prohibiting the provision of credit in connection with gambling authorised by the licence or any involvement with the provision of credit.

Section 177 does not, however, prevent the licensee from permitting the installation of cash dispensers (ATM's) on the premises. Such machines may accept credit cards (and debit cards) providing the arrangement is subject to a requirement that the licensee has no other commercial connection with the machine provider in relation to gambling (aside from the agreement to site the machines) and does not profit from the arrangement, nor make any payment in connection with the machines. All premises licences also include a mandatory condition which requires that any ATM made available for use on the premises must be located in a place that requires any customer who wishes to use it to cease gambling in order to do so.

#### 15. Tracks

The Council is aware that tracks may be subject to one or more than one premises licence, provided each licence relates to a specified area of the track. As per the Gambling Commission's Guidance, the Council will especially consider the impact upon the third licensing objective (i.e the protection of children and vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling) and the need to ensure that entrances to each type of premises are distinct and that children are excluded from gambling areas where they are not permitted to enter.

The Council will therefore expect the premises licence applicant to demonstrate suitable measures to ensure that children do not have access to adult only gaming facilities. It is noted that children and young persons will be permitted to enter track areas where facilities for betting are provided on days when dog-racing and/ or horse racing takes place, but that they are still prevented from entering areas where gaming machines (other than category D machines) are provided.

The Council may consider measures to meet the licensing objectives such as:

- Proof of age schemes
- CCTV
- Supervision of entrances/ machine areas
- Physical separation of areas
- Location of entry
- Notices/ signage
- Specific opening hours
- Self-exclusion schemes
- Provision of information leaflets/ helpline numbers for organisations such as GamCare

This list is not mandatory, nor exhaustive, and is merely indicative of example measures.

#### **Gaming Machines**

Where the applicant holds a pool betting operating licence and is going to use his

entitlement to four gaming machines (other than category D machines), these machines should be located in areas from which children are excluded.

#### **Betting Machines**

The Council will take into account the size of the premises and the ability of staff to monitor the use of the machines by children and young persons (it is an offence for those under 18 to bet) or by vulnerable people, when considering the number/nature/circumstances of betting machines an operator wants to offer.

#### Applications and Plans

The Gambling Act (Section 51) requires applicants to submit plans of the premises with their application, in order to ensure that the licensing authority has the necessary information to make an informed judgement about whether the premises are fit for gambling. The plan will also be used for the Council to plan future premises inspection activity.

Plans for tracks do not need to be in a particular scale, but should be drawn to scale and should be sufficiently detailed to include the information required by regulations.

Some tracks may be situated on agricultural land where the perimeter is not defined by virtue of an outer wall or fence, such as point-to point race tracks. In such instances, where an entry fee is levied, track premises licence holders may erect temporary structures to restrict access to premises.

In the rare cases where the outer perimeter cannot be defined, it is likely that the track in question will not be specifically designed for the frequent holding of sporting events or races. In such cases betting facilities may be better provided through occasional use notices where the boundary premises do not need to be defined.

The Council appreciates that it is sometimes difficult to define the precise location of betting areas on tracks. The precise location of where betting facilities are provided is not required to be shown on track plans, both by virtue of the fact that betting is permitted anywhere on the premises and because difficulties associated with pinpointing exact locations for some types of track. Applicants should provide sufficient information that this authority can satisfy itself that the plan indicates the main areas where betting might take place. For racecourses in particular, any betting areas subject to the 'five times rule' (commonly known as betting rings) must be indicated on the plan.

#### 16. Travelling Fairs

It will fall to the Council to decide whether, where category D machines and/ or equal chance prize gaming without a permit is to be made available for use at travelling fairs, the statutory requirement that the facilities for gambling amount to no more than an ancillary amusement at the fair is met.

The Council will also consider whether the applicant falls within the statutory definition of a travelling fair.

It is noted that the 27 day statutory maximum for the land being used as a fair, is per calendar year, and that it applies to the piece of land on which the fairs are held regardless of whether it is the same or different travelling fairs occupying the land. The Council will work with its neighbouring authorities to ensure that land which crosses our boundaries is monitored so that the statutory limits are not exceeded.

#### 17. Provisional Statements

Developers may wish to apply to the Council for provisional statements before entering into a contract to buy or lease property or land to judge whether a development is worth taking forward in light of the need to obtain a premises licence. There is no need for the applicant to hold an operating licence in order to apply for a provisional statement.

Section 204 of the Gambling Act 2005 provides for a person to make an application to the licensing authority for a provisional statement in respect of premises that he or she:

- a) Expects to be constructed;
- b) Expects to be altered; or
- c) Expects to acquire a right to occupy

The process for considering an application for a provisional statement is the same as that for a premises licence application. The applicant is obliged to give notice of the application in the same way as applying for a premises licence. Responsible authorities and interested parties may make representations and there are rights of appeal.

In contrast to the premises licence application, the applicant does not have to hold or have applied for an operating licence from the Gambling Commission (except in the case of a track) and they do not have a right to occupy the premises in respect of which their provisional application is made.

The holder of a provisional statement may then apply for a premises licence once the premises are constructed, altered or acquired. The Council will be constrained in the matters it can consider when determining the premises licence application, and in terms of representations about premises licence applications that follow the grant of a provisional statement, no further representations from relevant authorities or interested parties can be taken into account unless:

 They concern matters which could not have been addresses at the provisional statement stage, or They reflect a change in the applicant's circumstances.

In addition, the Council may refuse the premises licence (or grant it on terms different to those attached to the provisional statement) only by reference to matters:

- Which could not have been raised by objectors at the provisional statement stage;
- Which in the authority's opinion reflect a change in the operator's circumstances; or
- Where the premises has not been constructed in accordance with the plan submitted with the application. This must be a substantial change to the plan and the Council notes that it can discuss any concerns it has with the applicant before making a decision.

#### 18. Reviews

Requests for a review of a premises licence can be made by interested parties or responsible authorites (it should be noted that there is no mechanism to review any permit or notice). However, it is for the Licensing Authority to decide whether such a request will result in a review. Such a decision will be taken by considering, amongst other matters, the following:

- Any relevant code of practice or guidance issued by the Gambling Commission;
- The licensing objectives
- The Licensing Authority's Statement of Policy
- Whether the request is considered frivolous, vexatious, or whether it will certainly not cause the authority to wish to alter or revoke or suspend the licence; and
- Whether the request is substantially the same as previous representations or requests for a review.
- Whether the request is substantially the same as representations made at the time the application for a premises licence was considered.

The Council, as the licensing authority, may also initiate a review of a premises licence. The purpose of such a review would be to determine whether the Council, as the licensing authority, should take any action in relation to the licence.

Following a review, the actions open to the licensing authority are:

- Add, remove or amend a licence condition imposed by the licensing authority;
- Exclude a default condition imposed by the Secretary of State or Scottish Ministers or remove or amend such an exclusion;
- Suspend the licence for any period not exceeding three months; and
- Revoke the licence.

In considering what action, if any, should be taken following a review the Council

must have regard to the principles set out under Section 153 of the Act as well as any relevant representations.

#### PART C PERMITS/ TEMPORARY & OCCASIONAL USE NOTICES

#### 1. Unlicensed Family Entertainment Centre Gaming Machine Permits

Unlicensed family entertainment centres will be able to offer category D machines if granted a permit by the Council. If an operator of a family entertainment centre wishes to make category C machines available in addition to category D machines, they will need to apply for an operating licence from the Gambling Commission and a Premises Licence from the Council.

The Council can grant or refuse an application for a permit, but cannot attach conditions.

#### 2. Statement of Principles

As unlicensed family entertainment centres will particularly appeal to children and young persons, weight shall be given to child protection issues.

The Council will expect the applicant to show that there are policies and procedures in place to protect children from harm. Harm in this context is not limited to harm from gambling but includes wider child protection considerations. The efficiency of such policies and procedures will each be considered on their merits.

The policies and procedures are expected to include:

- What staff should do if they suspect that truant children are on the premises
- How staff should deal with unsupervised young children on the premises
- How staff should deal with children causing perceived problems on or around the premises

The Council will also expect applicants to demonstrate:

- A full understanding of the maximum stakes and prizes of the gambling that is permissible in unlicensed family entertainment centres;
- That the applicant has no relevant convictions (those that are set out in Schedule 7 to the Act);
- That staff are trained to have a full understanding of the maximum stakes and prizes

## 3. Alcohol Licensed Premises Gaming Machine Permits

Premises licensed to sell alcohol for consumption on the premises, can automatically

have 2 gaming machines, of categories C and/or D. The holder of a Premises Licence under the Licensing Act 2003, authorising the sale of alcohol, will simply need to notify the Council, and pay the prescribed fee.

The Council may remove the automatic authorisation in respect of any particular premises if;

- provision of the machines is not reasonably consistent with the pursuit of the licensing objectives;
- gaming has taken place on the premises that breaches a condition of section 282 of the Act;
- the premises are mainly used for gaming; or
- an offence under the Act has been committed on the premises.

If a premises wishes to have more than 2 machines, then the holder of the Premises Licence will need to apply for a permit. The Council shall consider that application having regard to the licensing objectives, any guidance issued by the Gambling Commission issued under Section 25 of the Act, and any other matters that are considered relevant.

The Council shall determine what constitutes a relevant consideration on a case-bycase basis, but weight shall be given to the third licensing objective i.e. protecting children and vulnerable persons from being harmed or being exploited by gambling. To this end, the Council will expect applicants to demonstrate

- that there will be sufficient measures in place to ensure that under 18 year olds do not have access to the adult only gaming machines.
- Measures may include the adult machines being in sight of the bar, or in the sight of staff who will monitor that the machines are not being used by those under 18.
- Notices and signage will also need to be considered.

With respect to the protection of vulnerable persons, the Council will expect applicants to provide information leaflets / helpline numbers for organisations such as GamCare.

It is recognised that some alcohol-licensed premises may apply for a Premises Licence for their non-alcohol licensed areas. Any such application would most likely need to be applied for, and dealt with as an Adult Gaming Centre Premises Licence.

The Council may decide to grant the application with a smaller number of machines and/or a different category of machines than that applied for. The Council will not attach any other conditions in granting such an application.

The holder of such a permit will be required to comply with any Code of Practice issued by the Gambling Commission about the location and operation of the

machine.

#### 4. Prize Gaming Permits

Applicants for prize gaming permits should set out the types of gaming that they intend to offer. The applicant will be required to demonstrate:

- that they understand the limits to stakes and prizes that are set out in Regulations; and
- that the gaming offered is within the law.

In making its decision on an application for this type of permit the Council does not need to have regard to the licensing objectives but will have regard to any Gambling Commission guidance. Weight will be given to child protection issues, and relevant considerations are likely to include the suitability of the applicant (i.e. if the applicant has any convictions which would make them unsuitable to operate prize gaming) and the suitability of the premises. Applicants for prize gaming permits must disclose any previous relevant convictions to the Council.

The Council may grant or refuse an application for a permit, but will not attach any conditions. However, there are 4 conditions in the Act that permit holders must comply with. These are:

- the limits on participation fees, as set out in regulations, must be complied with:
- all chances to participate in the gaming must be allocated on the premises on which the gaming is taking place and on one day; the game must be played and completed on the day the chances are allocated; and the result of the game must be made public in the premises on the day that it is played;
- the prize for which the game is played must not exceed the amount set out in regulations (if a money prize), or the prescribed value (if non-monetary prize);
   and
- participation in the gaming must not entitle the player to take part in any other gambling.

## 5. Club Gaming and Club Machine Permits

Members clubs (but not commercial clubs) may apply for a club gaming permit. The club gaming permit will enable the premises to provide gaming machines (3 machines of categories B4, C or D), equal chance gaming and games of chance.

If a club does not wish to have the full range of facilities permitted by a club gaming permit or if they are a commercial club not permitted to provide non-machine gaming

(other than exempt gaming under section 269 of the Act), they may apply for a club machine permit, which will enable the premises to provide gaming machines (3 machines of categories B3A, B4, C or D).

Members clubs must have at least 25 members and be established and conducted "wholly or mainly" for purposes other than gaming, unless the gaming is permitted by separate regulations. It is anticipated that this will cover bridge and whist clubs, which will replicate the position under the Gaming Act 1968. A members' club must be permanent in nature, not established to make commercial profit, and controlled by its members equally. Examples include working men's clubs, branches of Royal British Legion and clubs with political affiliations.

The Council will only refuse such an application on one or more of the following grounds;

- the applicant does not fulfil the requirements for a members' or commercial club and therefore is not entitled to receive the type of permit for which it has applied;
- the applicant's premises are used wholly or mainly by children and/or young persons:
- an offence under the Act or a breach of a condition of a permit has been committed by the applicant while providing gaming facilities;
- a permit held by the applicant has been cancelled in the previous ten years; or;
- an objection has been lodged by the Gambling Commission or the Police

The Council will have regard to the guidance issued by the Gambling Commission and (subject to that guidance), the licensing objectives.

There is a 'fast-track' procedure available for clubs which hold a club premises certificate under the Licensing Act 2003. Under the fast-track procedure there is no opportunity for objections to be made by the Gambling Commission or the Police, and the grounds upon which an authority can refuse a permit licences are reduced.

The grounds on which an application under the fast track procedure may be refused are;

- that the club is established primarily for gaming, other than gaming prescribed under s.266 of the Act;
- that in addition to the prescribed gaming, the applicant provides facilities for other gaming; or
- that a club gaming permit or club machine permit issued to the applicant in the last ten years has been cancelled.

The Council may grant or refuse an application for a club gaming or club machine permit, but will not attach any conditions. However, premises must comply with the

Gambling Commissions Licence Conditions and Codes of Practice. There are a number of conditions in the Act that the holder must comply with.

#### 6. Cancellation of Permits

#### Gaming / Machine Permits

The authority is able to cancel a permit. It may do so in specified circumstances which include if the premises are used wholly or mainly by children or young persons or if an offence under the Act has been committed. Before it cancels an authority must notify the holder giving 21 days' notice of intention to cancel, consider any representations made by the holder, hold a hearing if requested, and comply with any other prescribed requirements relating to the procedure to be followed.

#### Club Gaming / Club Machine Permits

Decisions relating to the cancellation of a Club Gaming or Club Machine Permit may not be made by an officer of the authority. Such decisions shall be dealt with by the Licensing Sub Committee.

#### Alcohol Licensed Premises Permits

In the event of representations being received against a notice of cancellation, the matter will be determined by a licensing sub-committee. Where no representations have been received, or if they have been received but have been subsequently withdrawn, then the final decision may remain with an Officer of the Council.

## 7. Small Local Society Lotteries

A Small Society Lottery is a lottery that is promoted on behalf of a non-commercial society (such as a charity or similar non-profit making organisation) to raise funds for any of the purposes for which the society or organisation is set up.

Small Society Lotteries do not require a licence but must be registered with the licensing authority in the area where the society's principle premises is situated. An application to register a Small Society Lottery should be on the relevant application form and accompanied by any necessary documents and the appropriate fee.

The maximum prize per ticket in either money or monies worth is £25,000.

In determining whether to grant or renew a small society lottery registration, the Licensing Authority will have regard to the Guidance to Local Authorities issued by the Commission.

Societies may wish to refer to the relevant section of the Licensing Authority's website for full details on how to register and maintain small society lottery registrations.

#### 8. Exempt Gambling

The Licensing Authority has no control over Gambling in these circumstances, provided the specific requirements are complied with and any limits on stakes and prizes are observed.

#### 8.1. Non-commercial gaming

There are two types of non-commercial gaming allowed: non-commercial prize gaming and non-commercial equal chance gaming. Neither of these require any authorisation provided the maximum stakes and prizes are not exceeded. In each case the gaming can be incidental to another activity, or the activity itself. It must be non-commercial which means there must be no private profit or gain. However, the proceeds of such events may benefit an organisation, group or one or more individuals if the activity is organised:

- by, or on behalf of, a charity or for charitable purposes;
- to enable participation in, or support of, sporting, athletic or cultural activities.

#### 8.2. Non-commercial prize gaming

In this case, the prize should be determined in advance and not be dependent on the number of players or monies staked. The players should be told what the monies are being raised for, and it cannot take place in premises that have a Gambling Act premises licence (except a track).

This can include casino nights and race nights.

#### 8.3. Non-commercial equal chance gaming

In this case, the stakes per player cannot exceed £8. In addition, the aggregate value of prizes in all games played at a single event cannot exceed £600 (but if the event is the final one of a series in which all of the players have previously taken part, a higher prize fund of up to £900 is allowed). The players should be told what the monies are being raised for, and it cannot take place in premises that have a Gambling Act premises licence (except a track).

This can include casino nights and race nights.

### 8.4. Private gaming

This covers situations where the public are not admitted to the gaming. This includes residential and domestic premises and workplaces.

This can include casino nights and race nights.

#### 8.5. Domestic gaming

Non-equal chance gaming can be played in private dwellings on domestic occasions provided no participation charge is made.

#### 8.6. Residential gaming

Non-equal chance gaming can be played in hostels or halls of residence provided at least 50% of the participants are residents.

#### 8.7. Non-commercial and private betting

This is betting in domestic premises or workplaces. In domestic premises the participants must habitually reside there, and for workers betting the participants must be employed by the same employer.

#### 8.8. Incidental non-commercial lottery

These can take place as an incidental activity at another non-commercial event, e.g. a raffle at a dinner or tombola at a garden party. No registration or permission is required provided the following requirements are met.

- Tickets can only be sold on the premises where the event takes place to people present and while the event is taking place;
- The draw must take place at the event and the results must be announced while the event is taking place;
- No rollovers are allowed;
- The maximum deduction allowed for prizes from the proceeds is £500; and
- The maximum deduction allowed for organising costs from the proceeds is £100.

#### 9. Exempt gambling in pubs

Various types of gambling can take place in premises that are licensed under the Licensing Act 2003 to sell alcohol for consumption on the premises and which have a bar at which alcohol is served to customers, but this does not apply where the sale of alcohol can only take place as being ancillary to the sale of food.

## 9.1. Equal chance gaming in pubs

Equal chance gaming up to specified limits on stakes and prizes can take place, and this includes games such as backgammon, mah-jong, rummy, kalooki, dominoes, cribbage, bingo and poker.

The following requirements have to be met:

- The maximum stakes and prizes for each type of game must not be exceeded (£5 maximum stake for any game of chance except poker, dominoes and cribbage. For poker the maximum stake is £5, a daily maximum of £100 in aggregate stakes cannot be exceeded and the maximum prize limit is £100. There are no limits on stakes and prizes for dominoes or cribbage);
- The gaming must be supervised by a nominated gaming supervisor and comply with Gambling Commission codes of practice;
- No participation fees can be charged and no levy taken from stakes or prizes;
- The games cannot be linked to any other games in other premises; and
- Nobody under 18 years old can take part.

# 9.2. Bingo in pubs

Low-turnover bingo where the aggregate of stakes and prizes in a seven day period does not exceed £2000 can take place.

### 10. Exempt gambling in Clubs

There are two types of club for the purposes of the Act: members' clubs (including miners' welfare institutes) and commercial clubs. Generally speaking the club must be established for purposes other than gaming, but there is an exception for bridge or whist clubs. The exempt gaming that can take place differs according to the type of club. If a club has a club gaming permit, additional games and higher stakes and participation fees apply.

### 10.1. Equal chance gaming in clubs

Equal chance gaming with no specified limits on stakes and prizes (except for poker) can take place.

The following requirements have to be met:

- Only club members (who have been members for at least 48 hours) or a bona fide guest of a member can participate;
- Except for poker, there is no maximum stake or prize;
- For poker there is a £10 maximum stake, a daily maximum of £250 in aggregate stakes and a seven day maximum of £1000 in aggregate stakes cannot be exceeded, and the maximum prize limit is £250;
- The gaming must be supervised by a nominated gaming supervisor and comply with Gambling Commission codes of practice;
- A maximum participation fee of £1 can be charged but no levy taken from stakes or prizes (however if the games are bridge or whist, on a day when no other gaming is permitted, participation fees of up to £18 per person can be charged);

- The games cannot be linked to any other games in other premises; and
- Nobody under 18 years old can take part.

#### 10.2. Bingo in clubs

Low-turnover bingo where the aggregate of stakes and prizes in a seven day period does not exceed £2000 can take place in all types of club.

#### 10.3. Bridge and Whist clubs

Unlimited stakes bridge or whist can be played. In addition participation fees (up to £18) can be charged.

#### 11. Temporary Use Notices

Temporary Use Notices allow the use of premises for gambling where there is no premises licence but where a gambling operator wishes to use the premises temporarily for providing facilities for gambling. Premises that might be suitable for a Temporary Use Notice, according to the Gambling Commission, would include hotels, conference centres and sporting venues.

The licensing authority can only grant a Temporary Use Notice to a person or company holding a relevant operating licence i.e. a non-remote casino operating licence.

The Secretary of State has the power to determine what form of gambling can be authorised by Temporary Use Notices, and at the time of writing this statement the relevant regulations (SI no3157: The Gambling Act 2005 (Temporary Use Notices) Regulations 2007) state that Temporary Use Notices can only be used to permit the provision of facilities or equal chance gaming, where the gaming is intended to produce a single winner, which in practice means poker tournaments.

There are a number of statutory limits as regards Temporary Use Notices. Gambling Commission Guidance notes that "this definition of a 'set of premises' differs to 'premises' in Part 8 or the Act (see Part 7 of the guidance). The definition of a 'set of premises' will be a question of fact in the particular circumstances of each notice given. In considering whether a place falls within the definition, licensing authorities will need to look at, amongst other things, the ownership/occupation and control of the premises".

This licensing authority expects to object to notices where it appears that their effect would be to permit regular gambling in a place that could be described as one set of premises, as recommended in the Gambling Commission's Guidance.

# 12. Occasional Use Notices

The Council has very little discretion as regards these notices aside from ensuring that the statutory limit of 8 days in a calendar year is not exceeded. The Council will though consider the definition of a 'track' and whether the applicant is permitted to avail him/herself of the notice.



# APPENDIX B - LIST OF CONSULTEES

- Responsible Authorities
- Emma Thornton (Chief Executive Officer, Visit Cambridge and Beyond)
- Graham Saint (Consultation Working Group)
- CAMBAC Manager
- Gamestec

- Select Gaming
   Power Leisure Bookmakers Ltd
   Coral Racing Limited
   Ladbrokes Betting & Gaming Limited
   Done Brothers (Cash Betting ) Limited
   Talarius Limited
- BACTA
- The Bingo Association
- Association of British Bookmakers Ltd (ABB)
   Business In Sport and Leisure (BISL)
- BALPPA
- British Institute of Inn Keeping (BII)
- The Portman Group
- British Beer and Pub Association
- Racecourse Association Ltd
- GAMCARE
- Greater Cambridge Partnership
- Cambridge & District Citizens Advice
- Cambridgeshire Chambers of Commerce

# Ward Residents Associations

Abbey People

Abbey Feople						
Riverside Area Residents Association						
Riverside Area Residents Association						
The Friends of Sourbridge Common						
Histon Road Area Residents' Association (HRARA)						
Arbury Road East RA (ARERA)						
Darwin & Akeman St (DEARA)						
Benson Area Residents' Association *1						
NAFRA 19 Acre Field Residents' Association						
Storeys Way Residents' Association						
Concerned Residents Of North West Cambridge (CRONC)						
Windsor Road Residents Association (WIRE)						
Oxford Road Residents' Association						
CREW						
Tavistock Road & Stratfield Close Residents' Association						
Richmond Road Residents' Association						
Marion Close & Sherlock Road Association						
Sherlock Close RA						
Madingley Road Group						
Shelly Gardens Leaseholder's Association						
Rustat Neighbourhood Association						
Birdwood Area Residents' Association						
Cherry Hinton & Rathmore Road Residents' Association						
Old Chesterton Residents Association						
Three Trees Residents' Association						
St Andrews Road RA						
Fen Estates and Nuffield Road RA (FENRA)						
Fen Road Steering Group						
Bradmore & Petersfield Residents Association						
North Cambridge Community Partnership						
Citygate Property Partners						
Park Street Residents' Association						
Christs Pieces Residents Association						
King Street Neighbourhood Association						
Jesus Green Association						
Brunswick & North Kite Residents Association						
Evening Court RA						
Radcliffe Court Residents' Association						
Newnham Croft Conservation Group						
North Newnham Residents Association						
Gough Way Residents Association						
West Cambridge Preservation Society						
Clerk Maxwell Road Residents' Association						
Pinehurst South Resident's Association						
Residents' Association of Old Newnham						
Bulstrode Gardens Residents Association						
Barton Close Residents' Association						

Millington Road & Millington Lane Residents' Association Grantchester Road Residents' Association Hedgerley Close RA Bradmore & Petersfield Residents Association Glisson Road/Tenison Road Area Residents' Association Petersfield Mansions Residents' Association Petersfield Area Community Trust (PACT) Mill Road Community Improvements Group Highsett Houses Residents' Association Highsett Flats Residents' Association Highsett Flats Resident's Association Highsett Flats Resident's Association Babraham Road Action Group Queen Edith's Way Residents' Association Corfe Close Residents Association (CCRA) Greenlands' Residents Association Hills Road Residents' Association Bilinco Grove Residents' Association Greville Road RA Monteal Square Residents' Association East Mill Road Action Group EMRAG Romsey Action Mill Road Society Empty Common Allotment Society Gazeley Lane Residents' Association Brookside Residents Association Brookside Residents Association Hanover & Princess Court Residents' Association Brookside Residents Association Norwich Street & Bateman Mews Residents Association Trumpington Residents Association Norwich Street Residents' Association Norwich Street Residents' Association Norwich Street Residents' Association North Newtown Residents' Association North Newtown Residents' Association North Newtown Residents' Association North Newtown Residents' Association Denners Lawn Residents' Association Penners Lawn Residents' Association BENERA (Bentley and Newton Road Residents' Association Victoria Park Residents Working Group Friends of Mitcham's Corner Mitchams Corner Residents' Association Gurney Way (& Atherton Close) Residents Association Highworth Avenue CB Hurst Park Estate Residents' Association (HPERA) *3 Sandy Lane Residents' Association Cambridge Valley Forum Federation of Cambridge Residents' Associations	
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Federation of Cambridge Residents' Associations	Cambridge Valley Forum
·	Federation of Cambridge Residents' Associations

#### **APPENDIX C - Responsible Authorities**

### The Licensing Authority

Commercial & Licensing, Environmental Services, Cambridge City Council, PO Box

700, Cambridge, CB1 0JH

Tel: 01223 457879 Fax: 01223 457909 e-mail: <a href="mailto:commercial@cambridge.gov.uk">commercial@cambridge.gov.uk</a>

#### **The Gambling Commission**

Victoria Square House, Victoria Square, Birmingham, B2 4BP

Email: info@gamblingcommission.gov.uk

#### The Chief Officer of Police

The Chief Officer, Cambridgeshire Constabulary, Southern Division, Police Station,

Parkside, Cambridge, CB1 1JG

Telephone: 01223 823397 Fax: 01223 823232

### The Fire and Rescue Authority

Fire Protection, Cambridge Fire Station, Parkside, Cambridge, CB1 1JF

Email: danny.hans@cambsfire.gov.uk

## **Planning Authority**

Environment & Planning, Cambridge City Council, The Guildhall, Cambridge, CB2

3QJ

Telephone: 01223 457100

e-mail: planning@cambridge.gov.uk

### **Environmental Health**

The Environmental Health Manager, Environmental Services, Cambridge City Council,

PO Box 700, Cambridge, CB1 0JH

Telephone: 01223 457890 Fax: 01223 457909 e-mail:

env.services@cambridge.gov.uk

### **Local Safeguarding Children Board**

Child Protection Services, Licensing Applications, OCYPS, PO Box 144, St Ives,

Cambs, PE27 9AU

Telephone: 03450455203

Referralcentre2.children@cambridgeshire.gov.uk

#### **HM Revenues and Customs**

Excise Processing Teams, BX9 1GL, United Kingdom

Commented [YO1]: And public health

Commented [YO2]: Greater Cambridge planning service

Commented [YO3]: and public health

## In addition, for vessels:

## **Environment Agency**

The Team Leader, Great Ouse & Stour Waterways, The Environment Agency, Kingfisher House, Goldhay Way, Orton Goldhay, Peterborough, PE2 5ZR. Telephone: 01733 464072

e-mail: enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk, quoting Great Ouse & Stour

Waterways

## **Conservators of the River Cam**

The River Manager
Conservators of the River Cam
Baits Bite Lock, Fen Road, Milton, Cambridge, CB24 6AF
Telephone/Fax 01223 863785
e-mail river.manager@camconservators.org.uk

MATTER TO BE DEALT WITH	FULL	LICENSING COMMITTEE/SUB COMMITTEE	OFFICERS	COUNCIL SOLICITOR
Three year	✓			
licensing policy				
Policy not to	✓			
permit casinos				
Fee setting-when		✓		
appropriate				
Application for		Where representations	Where no representations	
premises licences		received and not withdrawn	received/representations have been withdrawn	
Application for a		Where representations	Where no representations	
variation to a		received and not	received/representations	
licence		withdrawn	have been withdrawn	
Application for a		Where representations	Where no representations	
transfer of a		received from the	received from the Gambling	
licence		Gambling Commission	Commission	
Application for		Where representations	Where no representations	
provisional		received and not	received/representations	
statement		withdrawn	have been withdrawn	
Review of		✓		
premises licence				
Application for club		Where representations	Where no representations	
gaming/club		received and not	received/representations	
machine permits		withdrawn	have been withdrawn	
Cancellation of		✓		
club gaming/club				
machine permits				
Application for			✓	
other permits				
Cancellation of			✓	
licensed premises				
gaming machine				
permits				
Consideration of			✓	
Temporary Use				
Notices				
Decision to give a		✓		
counter Notice to a				
Temporary Use				
Notice				
Determination as				✓
to whether a				
person is an				
interested party				
Determination as				✓
to whether				

representations			
are relevant			
Determination as			✓
whether a			
representation is			
frivolous,			
vexatious or			
repetitive			
Representative of			<b>✓</b>
Licensing Authority			
who will be			
responsible for			
making			
representations as			
the Responsible			
Authority on			
licence			
applications			
Responsibility for		✓	
attaching to			
premises licences			
Mandatory, Default			
and Specific			
Conditions			<b>√</b>
Representative of			•
Licensing Authority who can initiate a			
Licence review			
Representative of			<b>✓</b>
Licensing Authority			•
who can reject an			
application for a			
Licence review			

### APPENDIX E - GLOSSARY OF TERMS

**Admissible Representations: -** representations submitted by a Responsible Authority or Interested Party.

**Authorised Local Authority Officer:** - a Licensing Authority Officer who is an authorised person for a purpose relating to premises in that authority's area.

**Authorised Person:** - a licensing officer and an officer of an authority other than a Licensing Authority, both of whom have been authorised for a purpose relating to premises in that authority's area. The following are considered authorised persons:

- Inspectors appointed under the Fire Precautions Act 1971;
- Inspectors appointed under the Health and Safety at work, etc. Act 1974;
- Inspectors or Surveyors of ships appointed under the Merchant Shipping Act 1995; &
- A person in a class prescribed in regulations by the Secretary of State.

**Automated Roulette Equipment: -** equipment that is either linked to a live game of chance, e.g. roulette, or plays live automated games, i.e. operates without human intervention.

**Automatic Conditions:** - conditions attached automatically to premises licences or authorisations. The Licensing Authority has no discretion not to include or modify them.

AWP machines: - Amusement with Prize Machines

BACTA: - the British Amusement Catering Trade Association

**Betting Intermediary: -** someone who offers services via remote communication, such as the internet.

Betting Ring: - an area that is used for temporary 'on course' betting facilities.

Bingo: - a game of equal chance.

**Casino: -** an arrangement whereby people are given an opportunity to participate in one or more casino games.

Casino Games: - games of chance that are not equal chance gaming.

Casino Premises Licence Categories: - regional, large, small, casinos permitted under transitional arrangements.

**Casino Resolution: -** resolution concerning whether or not to issue Casino Premises Licences.

Child: - an individual who is less than 16 years old.

Christmas Day Period: - the period of 24 hours from midnight on 24 December.

Club Gaming Machine Permit: - a permit to enable the premises to provide gaming machines (three machines of Categories B, C or D)

**Club Gaming Permit: -** a permit to enable the premises to provide gaming machines (three machines of Categories B C or D), equal chance gaming and games of chance.

Complex Lottery: - an arrangement where:

- Persons are required to pay to participate in the arrangement;
- In the course of the arrangement, one or more prizes are allocated to one or more members of a class;
- · The prizes are allocated by a series of processes; and
- The first of those processes relies wholly on chance.

Conditions: - conditions to be attached to licences by way of:

- Automatic provision
- Regulations provided by Sec. Of State
- Conditions provided by Gambling Commission
- Conditions provided by Licensing Authority
- Conditions may be general in nature (either attached to all licences or all licences of a particular nature) or may be specific to a particular licence.

**Customer Lotteries:** - lotteries run by the occupiers of business premises who sell tickets only to customers present on their premises. These lotteries may not be conducted on vessels.

**Default Conditions: -** conditions that will apply unless the Licensing Authority decide to exclude them. This may apply to all Premises Licences, to a class of Premises Licence or Licences for specified circumstances.

**Delegated Powers:** - decisions delegated by the Licensing Authority either to a Licensing Committee, Sub-Committee or Licensing Officers.

**Disorders:** - in the case of gambling premises licences, disorder is intended to mean activity that is more serious and disruptive than mere nuisance.

**Domestic Computer: -** one used for in a residential property for private, non-commercial purposes and is exempt from a Gaming Machine Permit.

**Dual Use Computer: -** definition in forthcoming Regulations. Exempt from a Gaming Machine Permit.

**Equal Chance Gaming: -** games that do not involve playing or staking against a bank and where the chances are equally favourable to all participants.

**EBT: -** Electronic Bingo Ticket Minders consisting of electronic equipment operated by a Bingo Operators Licence for the purposes of playing bingo.

**Exempt Lotteries:** - lotteries specified in the Gambling Act as permitted to be run without a licence from the Gambling Commission. There are four types:

- Small Society Lottery (required to register with Licensing Authorities)
- Incidental Non Commercial Lotteries

- Private Lotteries
- Customer Lotteries

**External Lottery Manager: -** an individual, firm or company appointed by the Small Lottery Society to manage a lottery on their behalf. They are consultants who generally take their fees from the expenses of the lottery.

Fixed Odds Betting: - general betting on tracks.

**Gaming:** - prize gaming where the nature and size of the prize is not determined by the number of people playing or the amount paid for or raised by the gaming and where the prizes are determined by the operator before the play commences.

**Gaming Machine:** - a machine used for gambling under all types of gambling activity, including betting on virtual events.

**Guidance to Licensing Authorities: -** guidance issued by the Gambling Commission dated September 2015 (updated September 2016).

**Inadmissible Representation: -** a representation not made by a Responsible Authority or Interested Party.

**Incidental non-commercial lottery: -** a lottery that is run as an additional amusement at non-commercial events with tickets only sold and drawn during the event, such as a raffle at a dance, bazaar etc.

**Information Exchange: -** exchanging of information with other regulatory bodies under the Gambling Act.

Interested Party: - a person who in the opinion of the Licensing Authority

- Lives sufficiently close to the premises to be likely to be affected by the authorised activities.
- Has business interests that might be affected by the authorised activities, or
- Represents persons above, including Trade Associations, Trade Unions, Residents and Tenants Associations where they can demonstrate that they represent such persons. In determining if a person lives or has business interests sufficiently close to the premises, the following factors will be considered: -
- The size and nature of the premises to be licensed.
- The distance of the premises from the location of the person making the representation.
- The potential impact of the premises (e.g. number of customers, routes likely to be taken by those visiting the establishment).
- The nature of the complaint, i.e. not the personal characteristics of the complainant but the interest of the complainant, which may be relevant to the distance from the premises.
- The catchment area of the premises (i.e. how far people travel to visit).
- Whether the person making the representation has business interests that might be affected in that catchment area.

**Irrelevant Representations:** - representations that are vexatious, frivolous or will certainly not influence the authority's determination of the application.

**Large Lottery:** - where the total value of tickets in any one lottery exceeds £20,000 or tickets in separate lotteries in one calendar year exceeds £250,000. This type of lottery requires an operating Licence from the Gambling Commission.

**Licensed Lottery:** - large society lotteries and lotteries run for the benefit of local authorities will require operating licences to be issued by the Gambling Commission.

Licensing Objectives: - there are three objectives

- Preventing gambling from being a source of crime or disorder, being associated with crime or disorder, or being used to support crime;
- Ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way; and
- Protecting children and other vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling.

Live Gambling: - gambling on a live game as it happens.

**Lottery: -** an arrangement which satisfies the statutory description of either a simple lottery or a complex lottery in Section 14 of the Act.

Lottery Tickets: - every lottery must have tickets for each chance

- · Identifying the promoting society
- Stating the price of the ticket, which must be the same for all tickets
- Stating the name and address of the member of the society who is designated as having responsibility at the Society for the promotion of the lottery, or, if there is one, the external lottery manager; and
- Stating the date of the draw, or sufficient information to enable the date of the draw to be determined.

**Mandatory Conditions:** - conditions that must be attached to a Premises Licence, to a class of Premises Licence or licences for specified circumstances.

**Members Club:** - a club must have at least 25 members, be established and conducted 'wholly or mainly' for purposes other than gaming, be permanent in nature, not established to make commercial profit and controlled by its members equally.

**Non-commercial event:** - an event where all the money raised at the event, including entrance fees, goes entirely to purposes that are not for private gain.

**Non-commercial society:** - a society established and conducted for charitable purposes; for the purpose of enabling participation in, or of supporting, sport athletics or a cultural activity; or for any other non-commercial purpose other than that of private gain.

**Occasional Use Notice:** - a notice that may only be issued in respect of a track, that permits betting on a track without the need for a Premises Licence and which only the person responsible for administration of events on the track or the occupier of the track may issue.

Off Course Betting: - betting that takes place other than at a track, i.e. at a licensed betting shop.

**Off Course Betting:** - betting that takes place in self contained betting premises within the track premises providing facilities for off course betting, i.e. on other events, not just those taking place on the track. Normally operate only on race days.

On Course Betting: - betting that takes place on a track while races are taking place.

**Operating Licence:** - a licence issued by the Gambling Commission to permit individuals and companies to provide facilities for certain types of gambling, including remote or non remote gambling.

**Permit:** - an authorisation issued by the Licensing Authority to provide gambling facilities where the stakes and prizes are low or gambling is not the main function of the premises. **Personal Licence:** - a licence issued by the Gambling Commission to individuals who control facilities for gambling or are able to influence the outcome of gambling.

**Pool Betting (Tracks):** - pool betting may only be offered at a horse racecourse by the Tote and at a dog track by the holder of the premises licence for the track.

**Premises:** - 'any place' including anything (other than a seaplane or amphibious vehicle) designed or adapted for use on water, a hovercraft or anything or any place situated on or in water. It is for the Licensing Authority to decide whether different parts of a building can be properly regarded as being separate premises.

**Premises Licence:** - a licence issued by the Licensing Authority to authorise the provision of gaming facilities on casino premises, bingo premises, betting premises, including tracks, adult gaming centres and family entertainment centres where an operator's licence and personal licence have been issued by the Gambling Commission. A licence is restricted to one premises only but one set of premises may have separate licences issued in respect of different parts of the building.

Private lottery: - there are three types of private lottery

- Private Society Lotteries tickets may only be sold to members of the Society or persons who are on the premises of the Society
- Work Lotteries the promoters and purchasers of tickets must all work on a single set of work premises
- Residents' Lotteries promoted by, and tickets may only be sold to, people who live at the same set of premises

**Prize Gaming:** - gaming in which the nature and size of the prize is not determined by the number of players or the amount paid for or raised by the gaming, the prizes having been determined before play commences, e.g. bingo with non-cash prizes. (NB: bingo with cash prizes and that carried on in commercial bingo halls will need to be licensed by the Gambling Commission; prize gaming does not include gaming by use of gaming machines.)

**Prize Gaming Permit: -** a permit issued by the Licensing Authority to authorise the provision of facilities for gaming with prizes on specific premises.

**Provisional Statement: -** an application to the Licensing Authority in respect of premises that are

- Expected to be constructed
- Expected to be altered
- Expected to acquire a right to occupy

**Relevant Representations: -** representations that relate to the Gambling Licensing Objectives, the Gambling Commission's Guidance, the Codes of Practice.

**Responsible Authorities: -** public bodies for the area in which the premises are mainly or wholly situated

- · Licensing Authority in whose area the premise is partly or wholly situated
- Chief Officer of Police
- Fire & Rescue Service
- · Planning Authority
- Environmental Health (related to pollution and harm to human health)
- Body competent to advise on protection of children from harm, i.e. Children & Young Peoples' Service
- Authority in relation to vulnerable adults

- Navigation Authority whose statutory functions are in relation to waters where a vessel is usually moored or berthed
- Environment Agency
- · British Waterways Board
- · Maritime & Coastguard Agency
- HM Revenue & Customs
- Gambling Commission

#### Simple Lottery: - an arrangement where

- Persons are required to pay to participate in the arrangement
- In the course of the arrangement, one or more prizes are allocated to one or more members of a class and
- The prizes are allocated by a process which relies wholly on chance.

SWP: - a Skills-with-Prizes machine

**Skills with Prizes machine: -** a machine on which the winning of a prize is determined only by the player's skill and there is no element of chance. SWPs are unregulated.

**Small Lottery: -** where the total value of tickets in a single lottery is £20,000 or less and the aggregate value of the tickets in a calendar year is £250,000 or less.

**Small Society Lottery:** - a lottery promoted on behalf of a non-commercial society, i.e. lotteries intended to raise funds for good causes.

**Small Operations:** - independent on course betting operators with only one or two employees or a bookmaker running just one shop.

**Statement of Principles:** - matters the Licensing Authority may publish in the Statement of Licensing Principles that they intend to apply when considering an applicant's suitability in applications for permits for unlicensed family entertainment centres and prize gaming.

**Temporary Use Notice:** - a notice that may be issued in respect of a set of premises where there is no premises licence, but where a person or company holding an operating licence relevant to the proposed temporary use of premises wishes to use the premises temporarily for providing facilities for gambling.

**Travelling Fair:** - a fair that 'wholly or principally' provides amusements and must be on a site used for fairs for no more than 27 days per calendar year.

**Vehicles:** - includes trains, aircraft, sea planes and amphibious vehicles other than hovercraft.

**Vessel:** - anything (other than a seaplane or amphibious vehicle) designed or adapted for use on water; a hovercraft; or anything or part of any place situated on or in water. **Virtual Betting:** - gambling by machine that takes bets on virtual races, i.e. images generated by computer to resemble races or other events.

**Vulnerable Persons:** - no set definition but likely to mean group to include people who gamble more than they want to, people who gamble beyond their means; people who may not be able to make informed or balanced decisions about gambling due to a mental impairment, alcohol or drugs.

Young Person: - an individual who is over 16 years of age but who is under 18 years of age.

# Appendix F – Links to documents referenced

Gambling Commission guidance to Licensing Authorities

Guidance to licensing authorities - Gambling Commission

Licence Conditions and Codes of Practice (LCCP)

Licence Conditions and Codes of Practice - Gambling Commission